

The Big Question

Please generate an image with the prompt: "Inferring the existence of something you can't see."

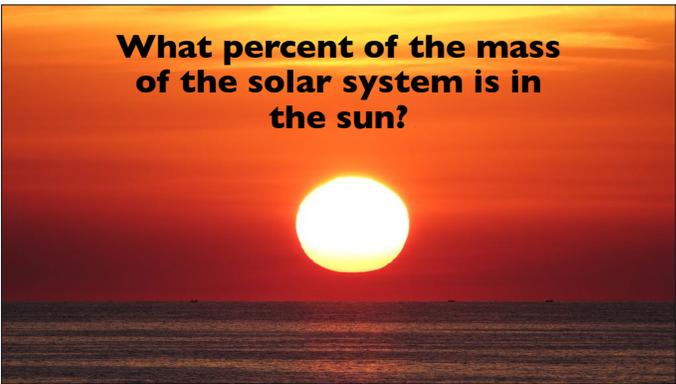
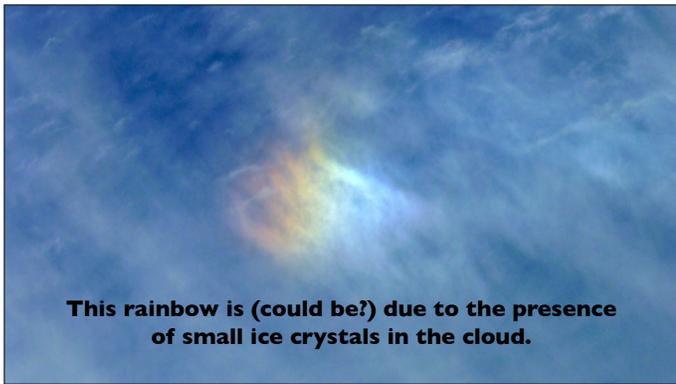
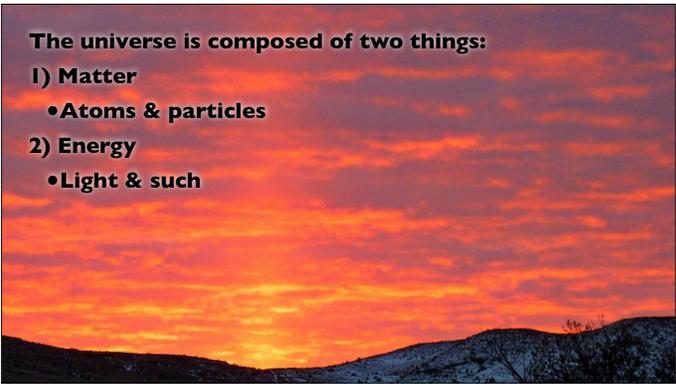
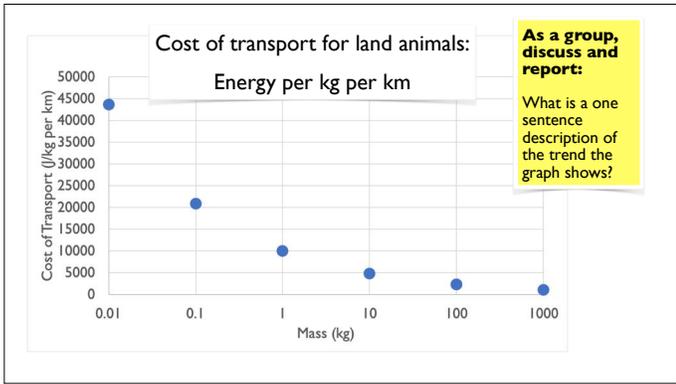
How do you infer the existence of something you can't see (or touch or hear or smell or...)

As a group, discuss and report:

How do you know there is something on the paper?

How do you know that something is coming from the flashlight?

I need an image that represents invisible ink.

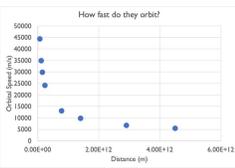


Things Are Orbiting Faster Than They Should.

Galaxy NGC3198

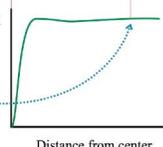


How fast do they orbit?



Rotational speed

The rotational speed is reasonably constant, even toward the edge of the visible disk of stars.



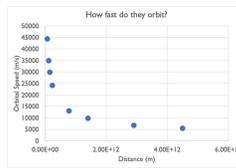
Distance from center

Question
With your group, discuss:
What can we infer from this?

Galaxy NGC3198

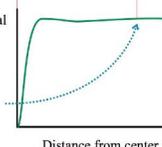


How fast do they orbit?



Rotational speed

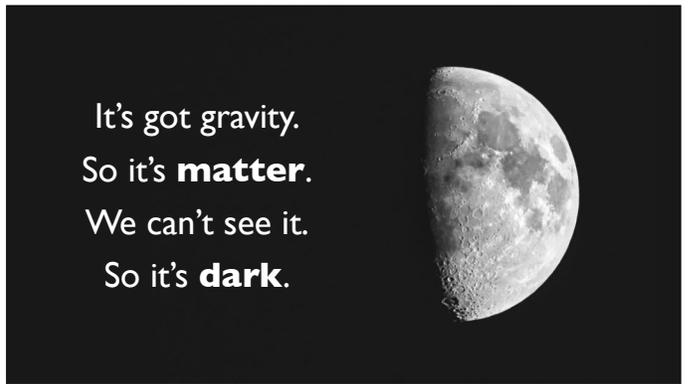
The rotational speed is reasonably constant, even toward the edge of the visible disk of stars.



Distance from center



There is a whole bunch of mass that we can't see. It forms a halo around and through our galaxy.

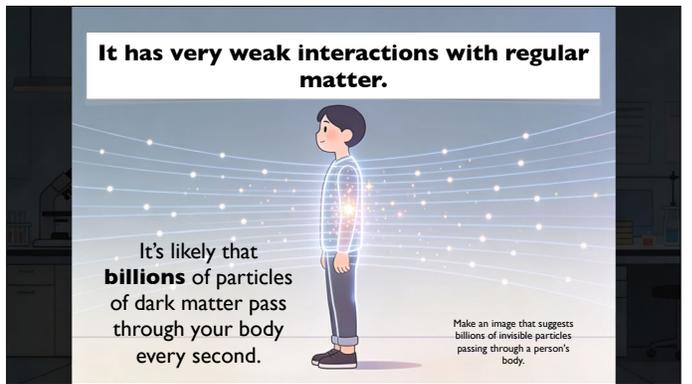


It's got gravity. So it's matter. We can't see it. So it's dark.

It's not just dark....

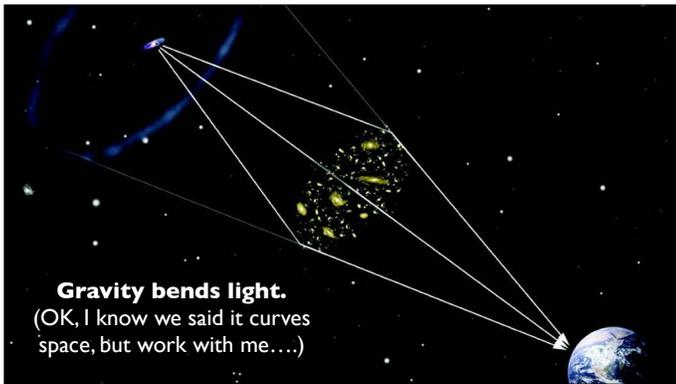
Force	What it does	Regular matter	Neutrinos	Dark matter
Strong Nuclear Force	Binds nuclei together	Yes	No	No
Weak Nuclear Force	At work in the nucleus	Yes	Yes	No?
Electromagnetic force	Making atoms work, making light work, making biology work....	Yes	No	No
Gravity	Universal attractive force	Yes	Yes	Yes

It has very weak interactions with regular matter.



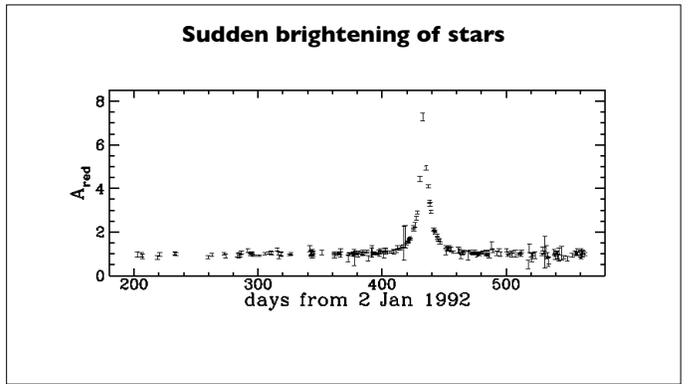
It's likely that **billions** of particles of dark matter pass through your body every second.

Make an image that suggests billions of invisible particles passing through a person's body.



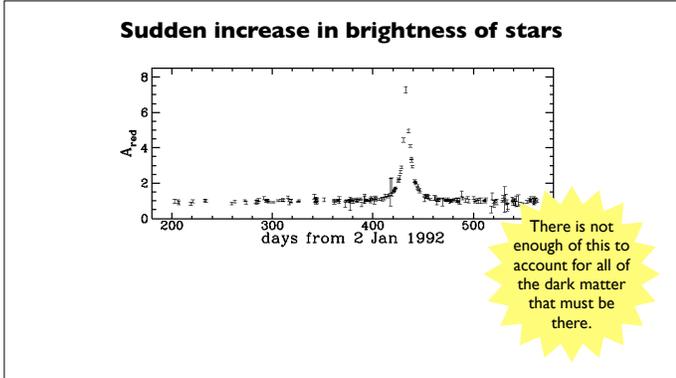
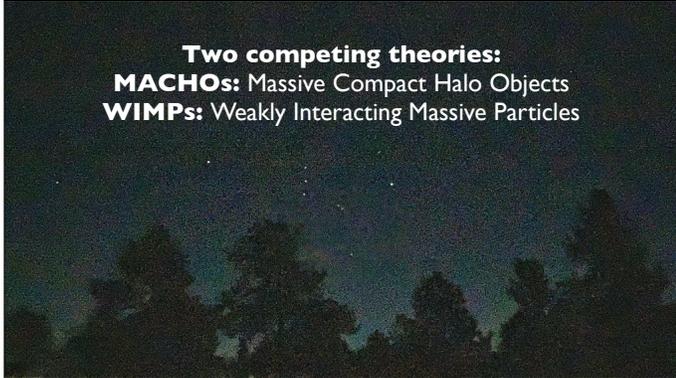
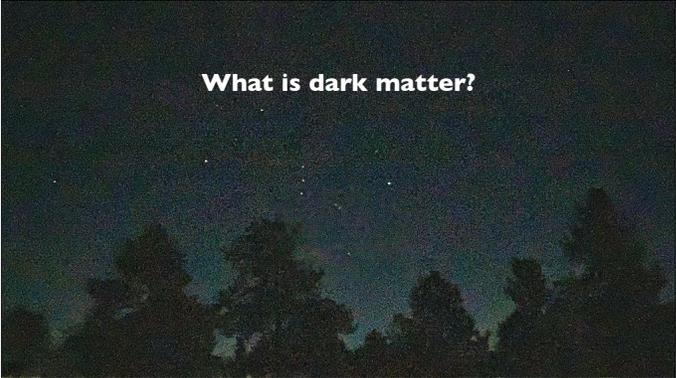
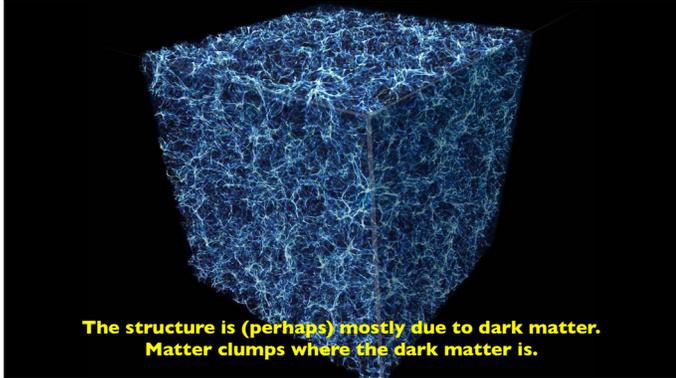
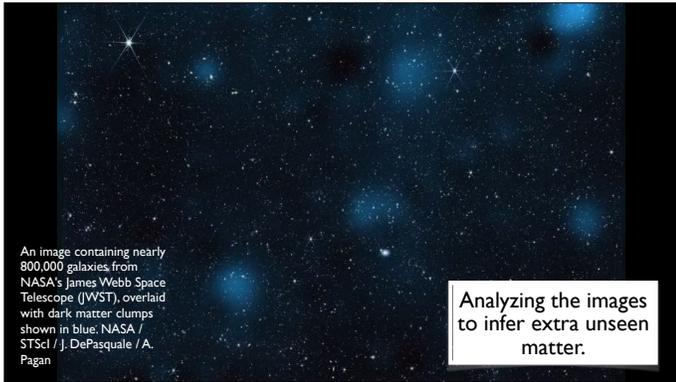
Gravity bends light.
(OK, I know we said it curves space, but work with me....)

Sudden brightening of stars



A_{red}

days from 2 Jan 1992



I lied.

Beta-minus decay

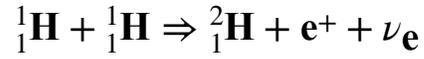
$${}^6_{14}\text{C} \Rightarrow {}^7_{14}\text{N} + e^- + \bar{\nu}_e$$

Beta-plus decay

$${}^9_{18}\text{F} \Rightarrow {}^8_{18}\text{O} + e^+ + \nu_e$$

Neutrinos are also produced in the fusion reactions in the sun's center.

First stage in the process of turning hydrogen into helium:

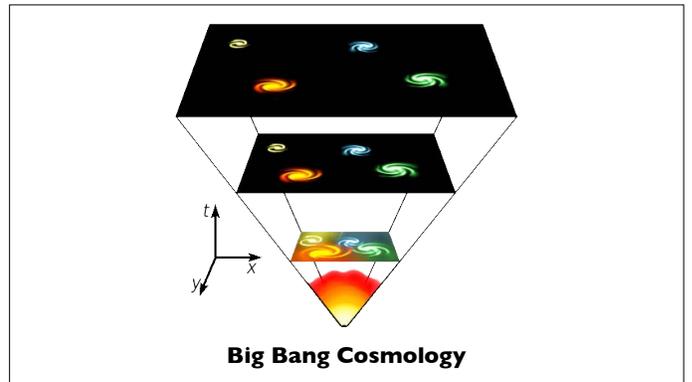
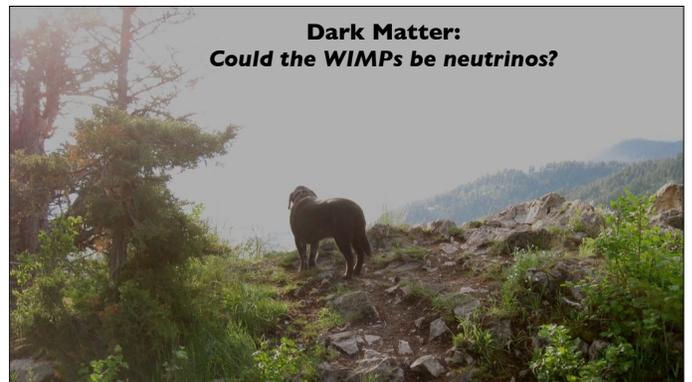


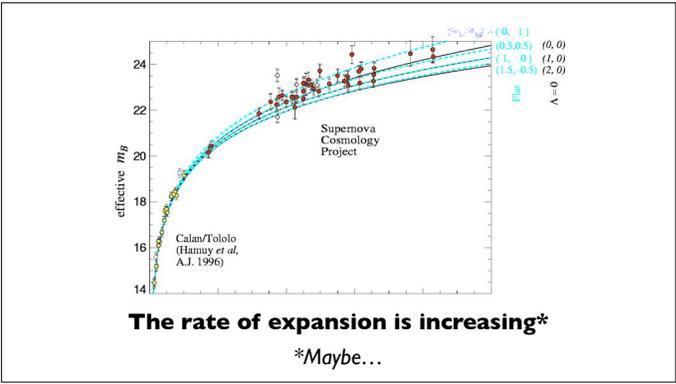
Neutrinos, they are very small.
They have no charge and have no mass
And do not interact at all.
The earth is just a silly ball
To them, through which they simply pass,
Like dustmaids down a drafty hall
Or photons through a sheet of glass.
They snub the most exquisite gas,
Ignore the most substantial wall,
Cold-shoulder steel and sounding brass,
Insult the stallion in his stall,
And, scorning barriers of class,
Infiltrate you and me! Like tall
And painless guillotines, they fall
Down through our heads into the grass.
At night, they enter at Nepal
And pierce the lover and his lass
From underneath the bed - you call
It wonderful; I call it crass.

Cosmic Gall
John Updike

Except....

They do interact a little bit.
(Weak nuclear force and all.)
And they have a little bit of mass.
And they come in three flavors.
Which can morph into one another.





It's not **matter**.
So it must be energy.
We can't see it.
So it's **dark**.

